

1. A method for treating or preventing septic shock in a subject comprising, administering to the subject an effective amount of an agent which binds G protein, such that septic shock in the subject is treated or prevented.

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- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the agent binds Gα subunit.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the agent is a cell permeable agent.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the agent is a peptide.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the peptide is mastoparan or an analog thereof.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the septic shock is endotoxic shock.

7. The method of chaim 6, wherein the endotoxic shock is induced by gram negative bacteria.

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8. The method of claim 1, wherein the endotoxic shock is induced by gram positive bacteria.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the septic shock is LPS-induced shock.

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The method of claim 1, further comprising administering an antibiotic to the subject.

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- 11. A composition for treating or preventing septic shock in a subject comprising an effective amount of an agent which binds G protein to treat or prevent septic shock.
 - 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the agent binds Gα subunit.
- 35 13. The composition of claim 11, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- The composition of claim 11, wherein the agent is a cell permeable agent. 14.
- 15. The composition of claim 14, wherein the cell permeable agent is a peptide.
- The composition of claim 15, wherein the peptide is mastoparan or an 16. analog thereof.
 - The composition of claim 11, further comprising an antibiotic. 17.